Supplemental Geography for ACS Microdata from IPUMS

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U.S. Census and American Community Survey microdata from 1850 to the present.

VISIT SITE



Current Population Survey microdata including basic monthly surveys and supplements from 1962 to the present,

VISIT SITE



Census microdata covering 82 countries from 1960 to the present. IPUMS NAPP offers microdata from the 19th and early 20th centuries.

VISIT SITE



Submissions for IPUMS Research Award are now closed.

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Your financial support helps us bring research data to you.

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Demographic and Health Surveys integrated for analysis across time and space from 1980 to the present.

VISIT SITE



Tabular U.S. Census data and GIS boundary files from 1790 to the present.

VISIT SITE



Integrated data on population and the environment from 1960 to the present.

VISIT SITE

CALENDAR

APRIL 27, 2017

Population Association of America

Hilton Chicago

JUNE 25-27, 2017

Academy Health

Hyatt Regency, New Orleans, LA

JULY 16-21, 2017



Historical and contemporary time use data from 1965 to the present,

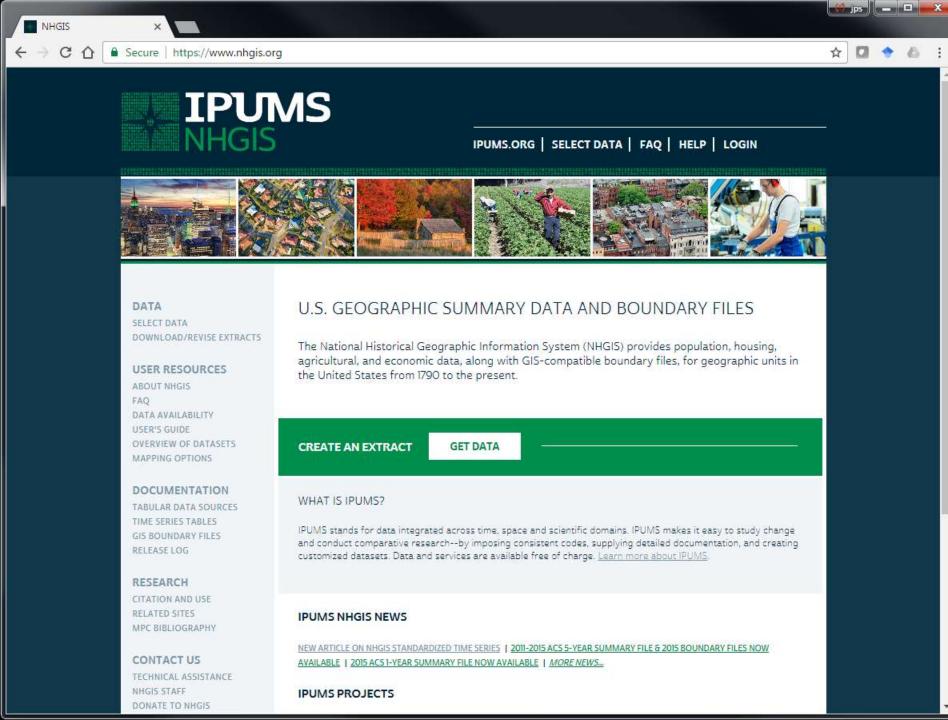


Health survey data from the National Health Interview Survey from the 1960s

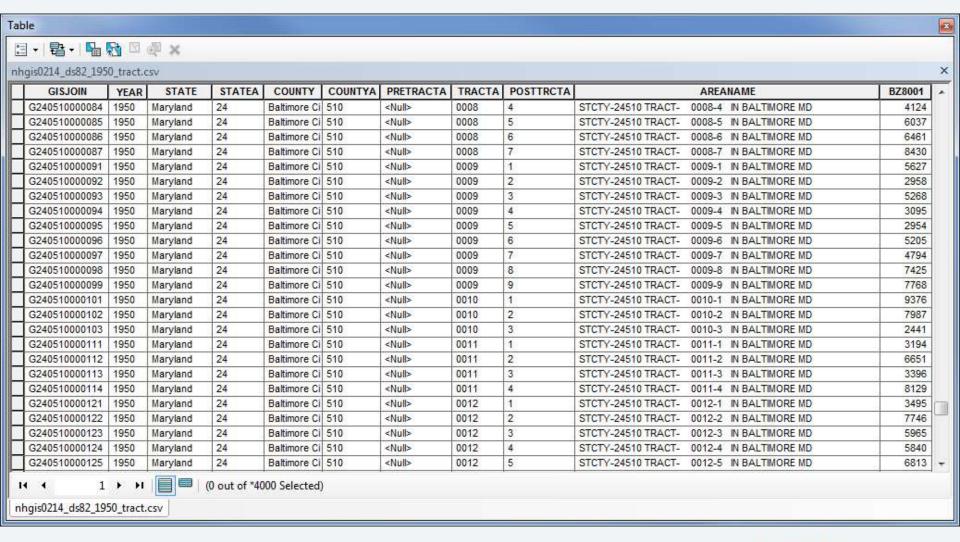


Survey data on the science and engineering workforce in the U.S. from 1003 to the precent

61st ISI World Statistics Congress



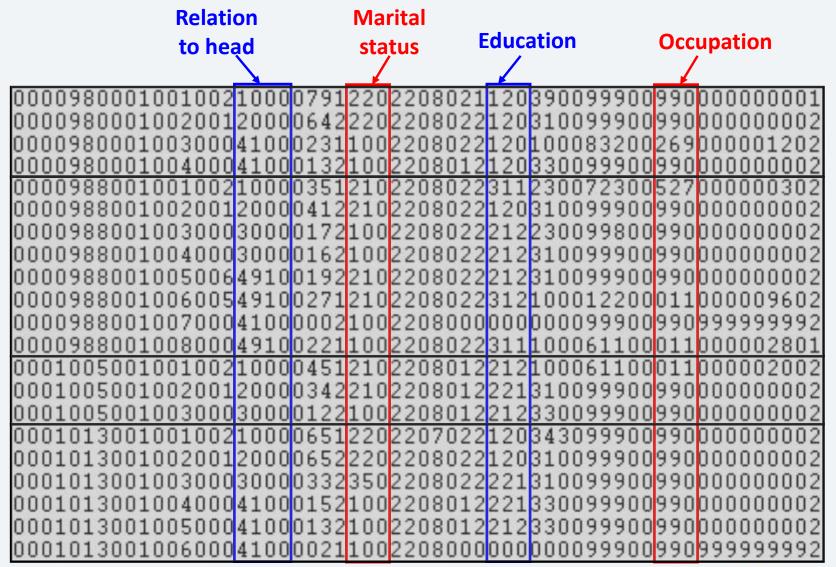
Summary data







Microdata



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Summary data

- Premade or published tables of aggregate characteristics
- Enable examination of small geographic areas
- Limitations: limited content, grouped intervals, and suppression for small counts

Microdata

- Show full range of responses for individuals & households
- Enable custom tables and individual-level analyses
- Limitations: geography, smaller samples, and item level suppression

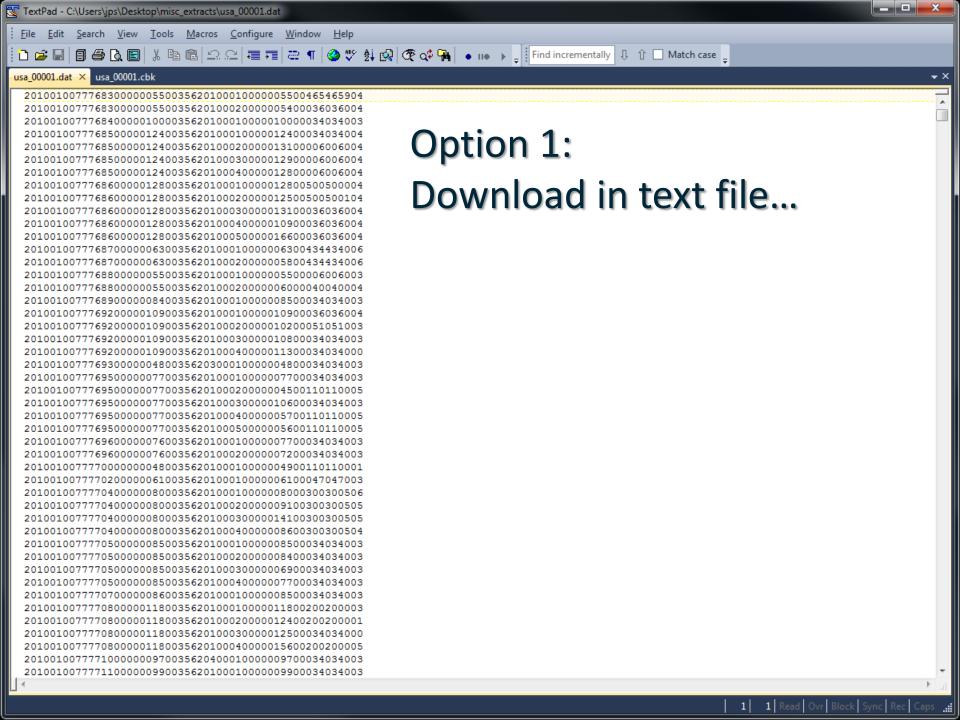


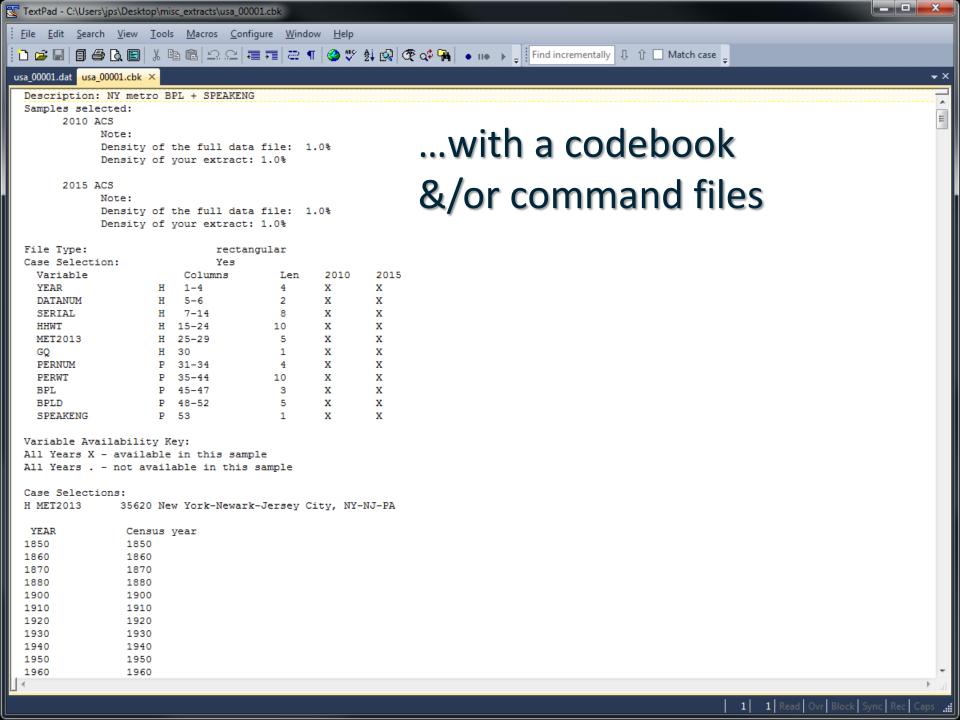


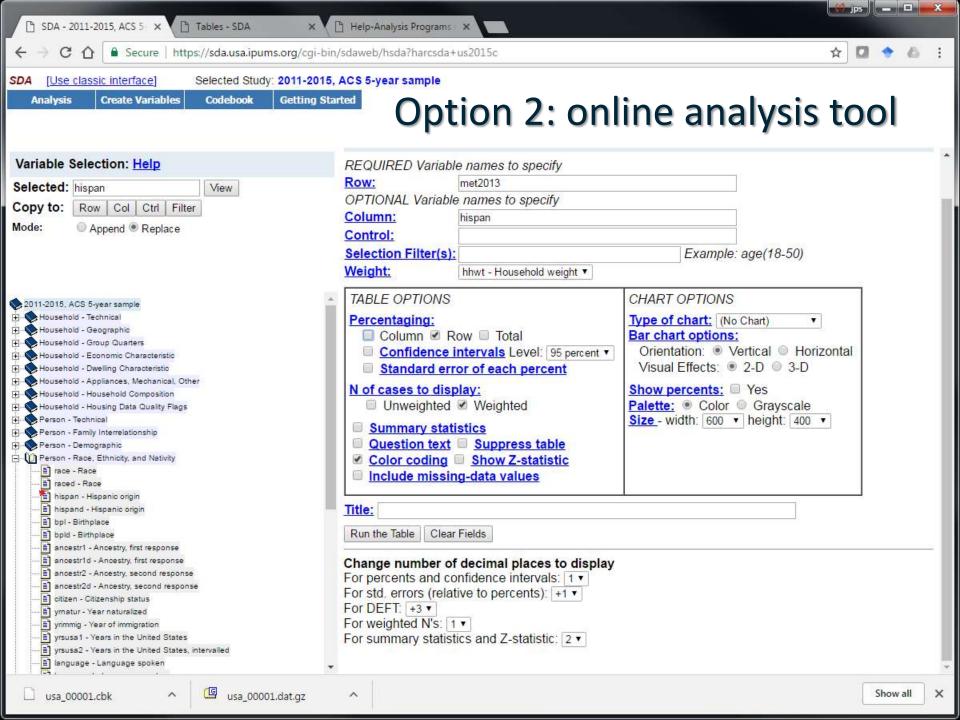
Microdata in IPUMS USA

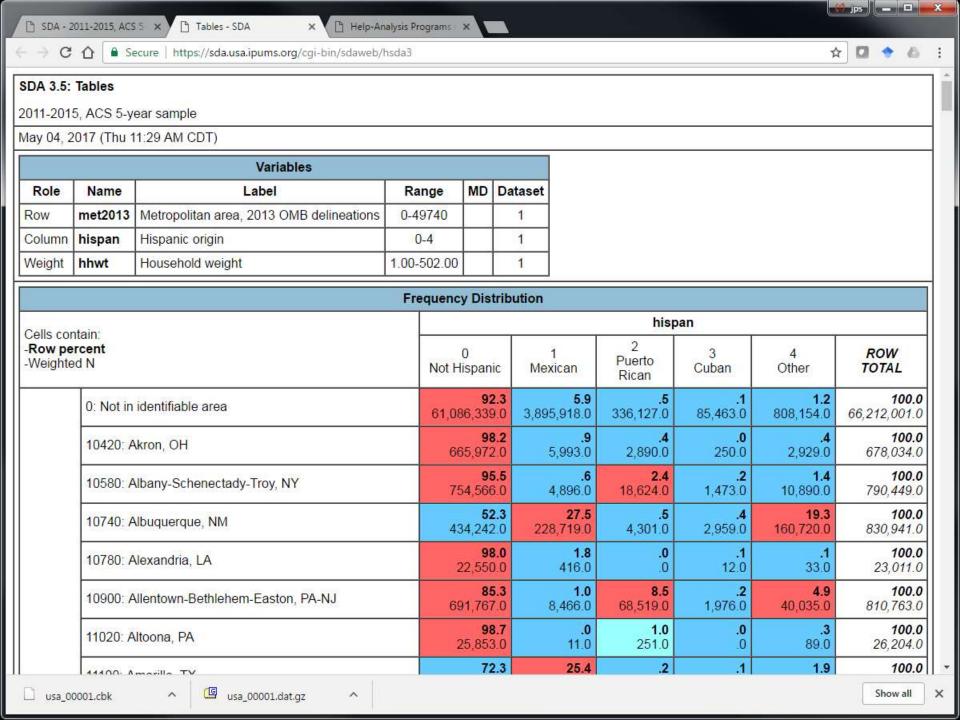
- U.S. decennial censuses (1850-2010)
- American Community Survey (2000-2015 ff.)
- Samples from Puerto Rico (1910-2015 ff.)
- Complete-count datasets:1850, 1880, 1920, 1930 & 1940
 - Working to complete: 1850-1940













ACS microdata samples

- Full survey responses for 1% of US population per year
- Yearly samples & multi-year samples
- Suppression for confidentiality
 - Names, addresses
 - Income top coding
 - Geographic limitations





Geography in ACS microdata

- Regions, divisions, states & ...
- Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs):
 - At least 100,000 residents
 - 2010 average: 131,000, max: 269,000
 - In use since 1970*
 - *Called "county groups" in 1970 & 1980
 - IPUMS has also defined 1960 PUMAs





PUMA problems

- Limited spatial precision
- 2. Not consistent with counties, cities, metro areas, etc.
- Boundaries are revised after each census
 - Change in ACS PUMAs between 2011 & 2012...
 - Inconsistent *within* 5-year samples



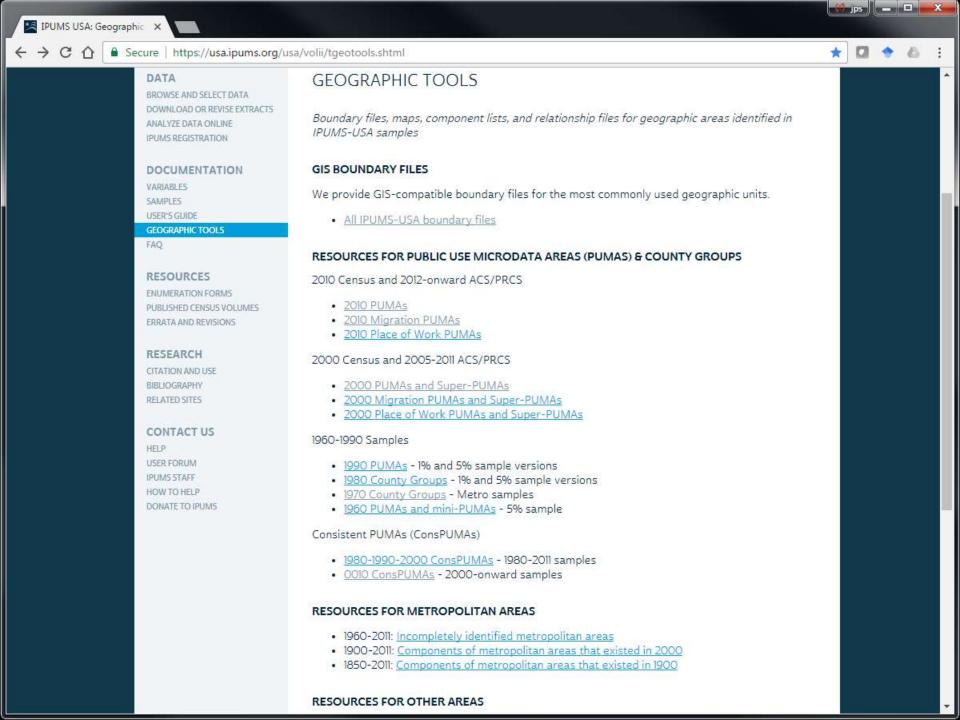


IPUMS-USA geographic resources

- Supplementary variables, based on PUMAs
 - Counties, cities, metro areas, metro status
 - "ConsPUMAs": Sets of PUMAs with consistent extents across time
- GIS shapefiles & online maps
 - PUMAs
 - Migration & Place of Work PUMAs
 - ConsPUMAs
- Detailed documentation & crosswalks



















Secure https://usa.ipums.org/usa/volii/pumas10.shtml







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DATA

BROWSE AND SELECT DATA DOWNLOAD OR REVISE EXTRACTS ANALYZE DATA ONLINE IPLIMS REGISTRATION

DOCUMENTATION

VARIABLES SAMPLES USER'S GUIDE GEOGRAPHIC TOOLS FAQ

RESOURCES

ENUMERATION FORMS PUBLISHED CENSUS VOLUMES ERRATA AND REVISIONS

RESEARCH

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2010 PUMA DEFINITIONS

Back to Geographic Tools

The 2010 version of Public Use Microdata Areas (PUMAs) is the lowest level of geography identified in 2010 census samples and in samples from the American Community Survey (ACS) and Puerto Rico Community Survey (PRCS) for 2012 and later years.

The Census Bureau redraws PUMA boundaries every 10 years based on population information gathered from the most recent decennial census. ACS/PRCS samples incorporate the new PUMAs within a few years of the Decennial Census. 2012 was the first ACS/PRCS sample to use the 2010 PUMAs. Detailed maps of each individual 2010 PUMA can be downloaded from the Census Bureau's Reference Map page.

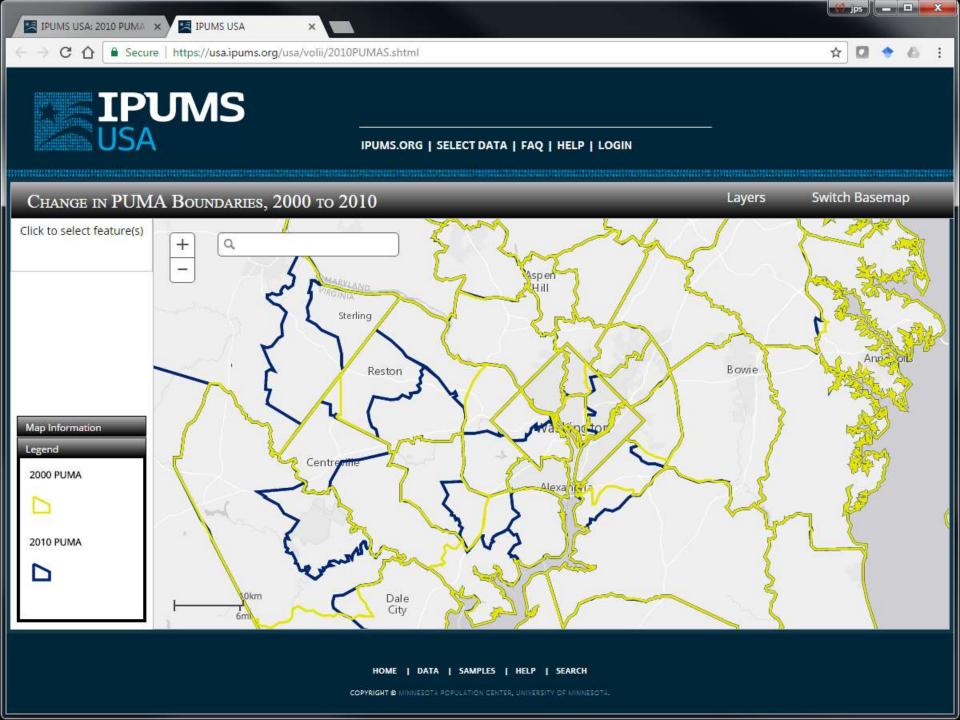
In Multi-Year ACS/PRCS files, the version of PUMAs identified depends on the year of interview (see MULTYEAR). For example, in the 2010-2012 3-year ACS sample, 2000 PUMA codes are reported for 2010 and 2011 respondents, and 2010 PUMA codes are reported for 2012 respondents.

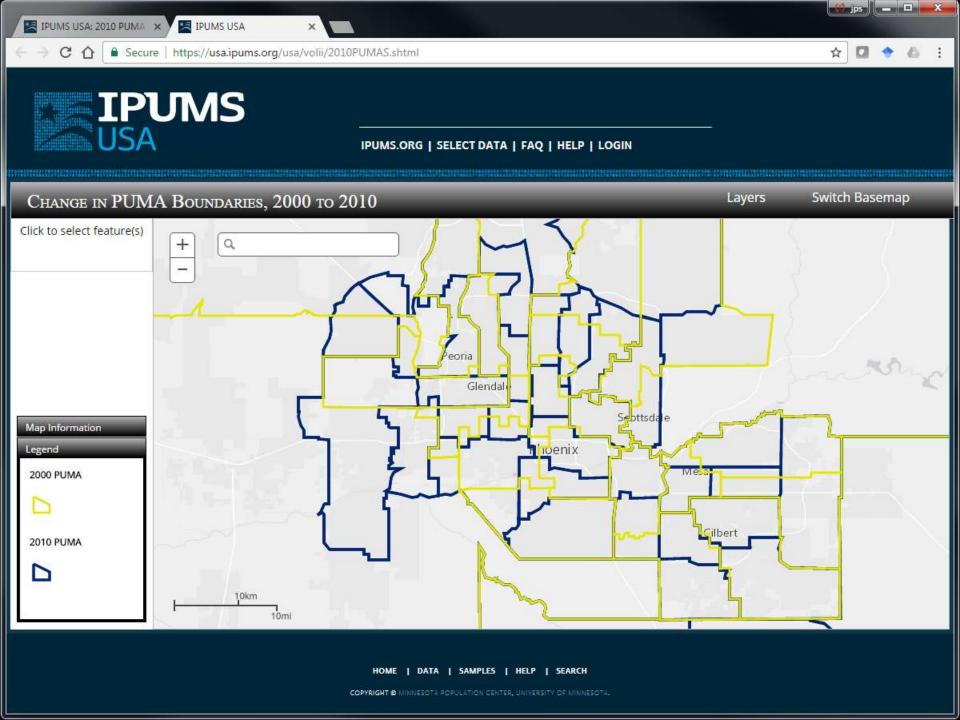
Relationships between 2000 and 2010 PUMAs:

- 2000-2010 PUMA Crosswalk (Excel spreadsheet)
 - Includes 2000 population, 2010 population, land area, and <u>0010 ConsPUMA</u> codes for each area of intersection

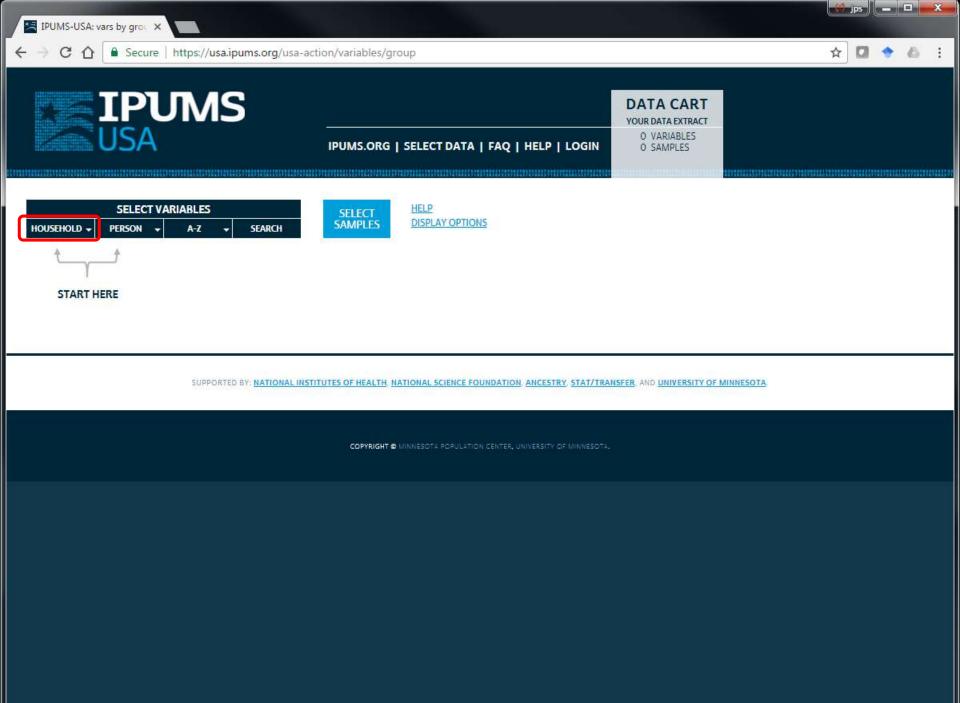
The map below shows both the 2010 (in blue) and 2000 (in yellow) PUMA definitions. Clicking on the map will highlight and identify the county, 2000 PUMA, and 2010 PUMA for the selected location. You can select which boundaries you want to view using the Layers menu at the top of the map. There is also a larger map containing the same information.

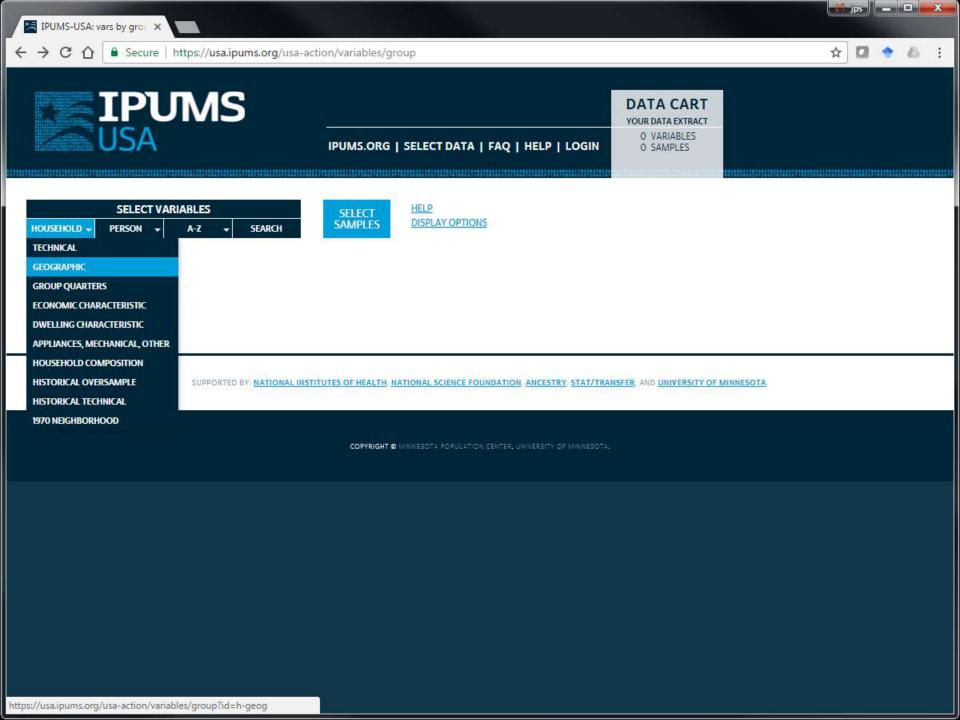


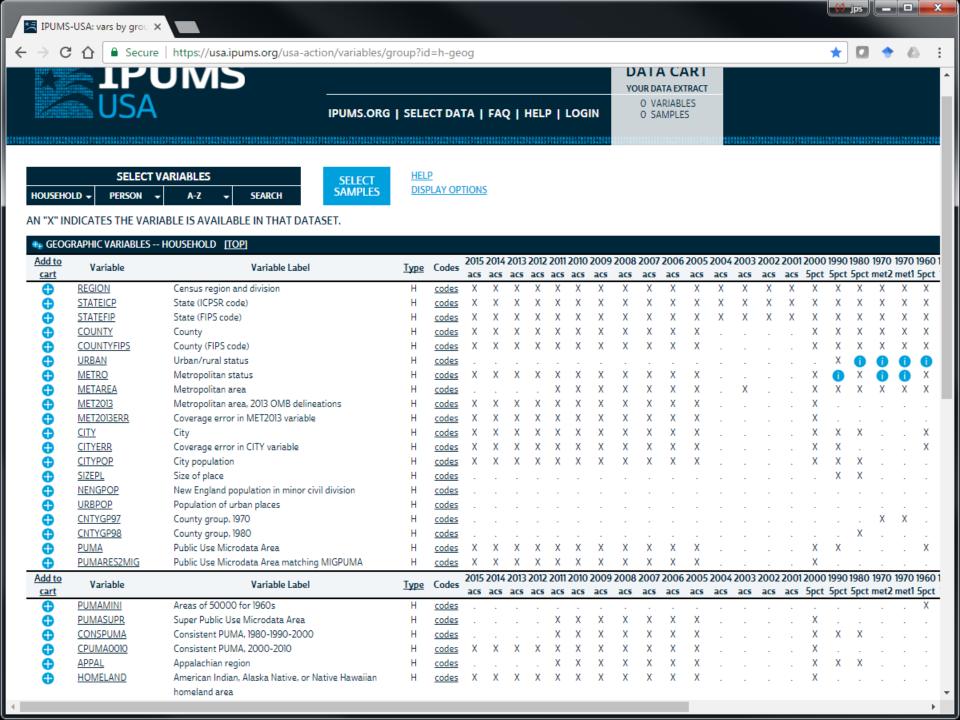














Counties

- Two variables...
 - COUNTY: ICPSR codes
 - Covers historical counties
 - COUNTYFIPS: FIPS codes
 - Covers only samples since 1950
- Identify only counties that match PUMA(s)
 - ≤ 2011 ACS: 376 counties (59% US population)
 - ≥ 2012 ACS: 429 counties (64%)





Cities

- A.k.a. census "places"
- Protocol:
 - Identify city in which the majority of the PUMA's population lives
 - Identify city only if match with PUMAs is "good"
 - Omission error + commission error < 10%

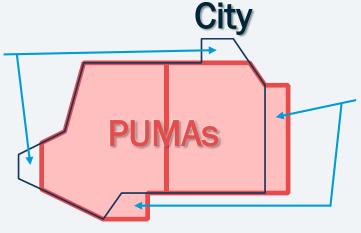




Measuring mismatch

Omission error:

Percent of city population not in PUMAs



Commission error:

Percent of PUMAs' population not in city





Decline in identifiable cities

Samples	Cities identified	50 largest cities
≤ 2011 ACS	184	37
≥ 2012 ACS	104	25

New PUMAs:

All are built from counties & tracts > Less consistency with city boundaries





City-PUMA match info on IPUMS

- Crosswalks between large places & PUMAs
- Mismatch errors by city...
 - In spreadsheet
 - In "CITYERR" variable



Metropolitan areas

- METAREA (1850 2011)
 - Extents vary with decennial MSA definitions
 - ACS codes based on 1999 MSAs
 - Identified if & only if a PUMA nests within a MSA
 - → No commission errors, but unlimited omission errors
- MET2013 (2000 2015 ff.)
 - Uses fixed 2013 MSA definitions
 - Protocol like CITY's with mismatch limit of 15%





Metro areas identified by MET2013

Samples	MSAs identified	100 largest MSAs
≤ 2011 ACS	266	96*
≥ 2012 ACS	260	98*

*Omitted in all ACS: Tulsa-OK & Madison-WI Omitted before 2012: Columbia-SC & Des Moines-IA





Metro-PUMA match info on IPUMS

- Crosswalks between 2013 MSAs & PUMAs
- Mismatch errors by MSA...
 - In spreadsheet
 - In "MET2013ERR" variable
- For METAREA, web pages identify:
 - County composition of each metro
 - Percent of metro's population left unidentified





Metropolitan status

- METRO variable
 - Codes for metro / non-metro population,
 and in / not in principle city
 - "Not identifiable" codes where PUMAs straddle boundaries...
 - Decline in identifiability of principle city status:
 - 2011: 47% of US population
 - **2012: 37%**





ConsPUMAs

- CONSPUMA (1980 2011)
 - Consistent aggregations of 1990 & 2000 PUMAs & 1980 county groups
 - Defined by visual inspection
 - → Some mergers where affected populations are small, some changes ignored where populations are large
- CPUMA0010 (2000 2015 *ff.*)
 - Consistent aggregations of 2000 & 2010 PUMAs
 - Algorithm: "iterative mismatch reduction"
 - → No mismatch errors ≥ 1% population

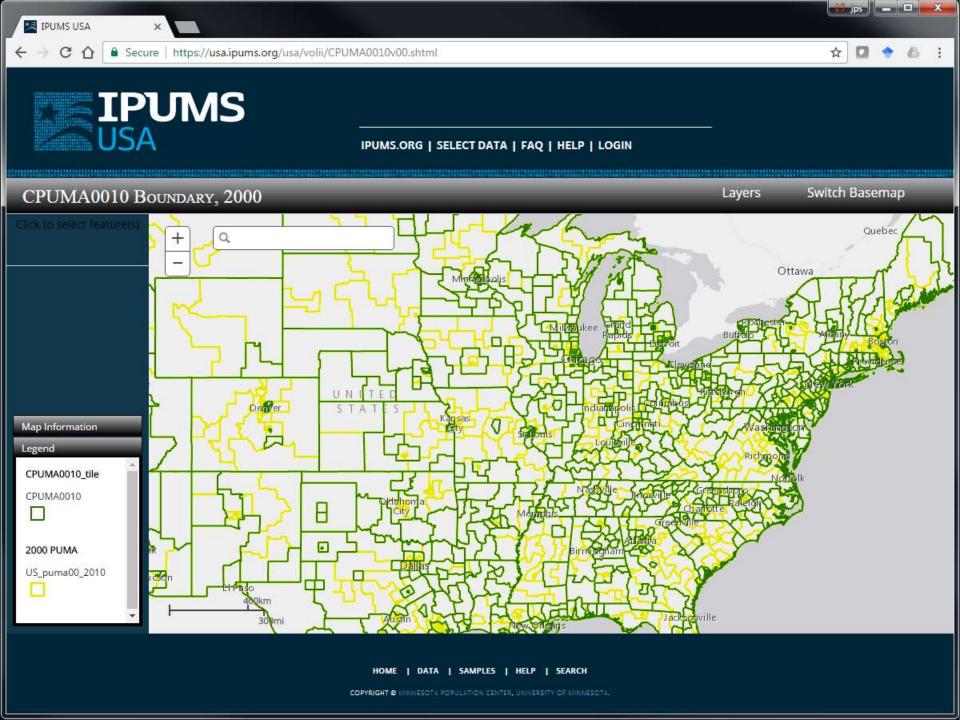


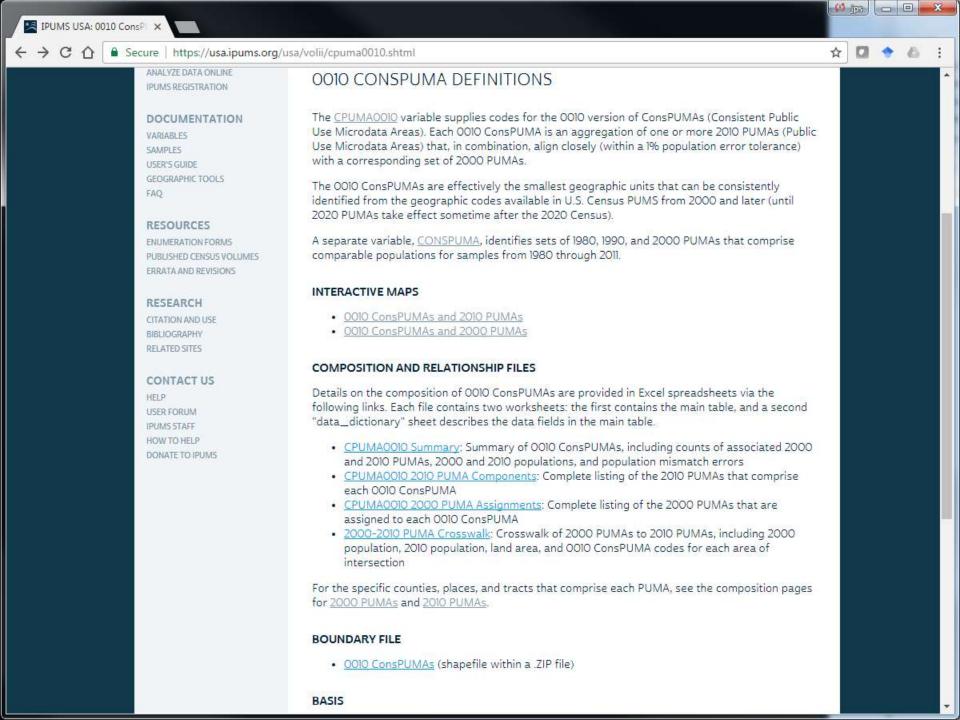


ConsPUMAs

- Size variability:
 - 1,085 ConsPUMAs in 0010 version
 - 955 (88%) with population < 500,000
 - 41 (4%) with population > 1,000,000
 - Avg. population: 288,000
 - Max population: 4.5 million









Future plans

- Geographic variables for new ACS releases
- Extend MET2013 backward
- New variables:
 - Population density, population-weighted density
 - % urban, % metropolitan, % in principal city
- Imputed census tracts



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