## Using ACS data to study the 2016 election in the classroom: A case study from Bucknell University

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# Outline

- Background
  - Bucknell University, Organization, Education Goals
- The Project / Classroom
  - Assignments, obtaining data, GIS
- Challenges and Reflections

# Background

# **Bucknell University**

- Small liberal arts college in central Pennsylvania
- Organization
  - Library and Information Technology are combined.
  - Digital Pedagogy & Scholarship Department and Research Services provide direct support to faculty and students
- Mission
  - To partner with faculty to drive the effective integration of technology to enhance teaching, learning and research.

# Case study : Economics 258 – Intermediate Political Economy

- Student / faculty summer research project began 3 years ago to focus on income inequality
- Research project expanded into a classroom module on the topic
- Students, faculty, and staff worked together to develop the materials
  - Data elections, ACS, other sources
  - Classroom materials syllabi, exercises
- Both the research project and the classroom work have continued to evolve over the last 3 years

# Multiple education goals

### Topical

• income inequality within an economics classroom, both historical and political dimensions need to be addressed

#### Skill

• using geographic information systems to develop technical literacy and analytic abilities

#### Data

information and statistical literacies

#### Subject expertise

integration with the economics major

## Inspirations

Contemporary events and journalism

Media visualizations and analysis of voting patterns, inequality, the rise of Trump

### Politics and the election of 2016

National data for both primaries and the general election

## The 10 Variables Most Closely Linked to a County's Support for Donald Trump

A correlation of 1 means the variable is a perfect indicator of Trump support.\* Negative correlations are shown in red.

VARIABLE	CORRELATION
White, no high school diploma	0.61
"Americans" Percent reporting ancestry as "American" on the census	0.57
Mobile homes Percent living in a mobile home	0.54
"Old economy" jobs Includes agriculture, construction, manufacturing, trade	0.50
History of voting for segregationists Support for George Wallace (1968)	0.47
Labor participation rate	-0.43
Born in United States	0.43
Evangelical Christians	0.42
History of voting for liberal Republicans Support for John B. Anderson (1980)	-0.42
White Anglo-Saxon Protestants Whites with European non-Catholic ancestry	-0.42

\* Measuring Trump support as Mr. Trump's percentage of the primary vote times the Republican share of the two-party vote in the 2012 presidential election.

Sources: 2016 election results from The Associated Press; the American Community Survey; Dave Leip's Atlas of U.S. Presidential Elections; the Equality of Opportunity Project.

# Methods

## Teamwork with faculty

- Helping develop assignments
- Presenting material in classroom and labs

## Working with students

 Individual and group sessions with students to help gather and clean data, prepare data for class

### Cooperation among departments

- Collaboration between research services and pedagogy and scholarship department
- Sharing expertise in data, statistics, and GIS

# To the classroom

# The project interaction

- Developing the classroom prompt
- Background reading before class
- Working with GIS to map the data during class session

#### Class exercise

You will form a group of three (or four) to examine the ARCGIS data that Janine Glathar has prepared for the class. The information she has put together on the Geography of Trumpism comes in part from the ESRI databases and in part from the uploaded primary data from states that have voted so far this primary election season and that have made their data readily accessible via their state websites. There will be four parts to this assignment.

First, you will read the articles below and interpret the information presented in the articles in the context of some of our readings from this semester.

Second, on Tues, April 12, you will work with the data provided by Janine to illustrate some of the correlations identified by the articles below, within at least three or four specific geographic regions in the U.S., connected to the arguments in the articles.

Third, on Thurs., April 14, as a group, you will present your findings to the rest of the class, analyzing the data that you choose in the context of the material in your articles and through the lens of one or more of the heterodox economic theories that we have studied this semester, in the form of a brief (seven minutes) presentation on the data and economic analysis thereof. Your group should also prepare a question or two for the rest of class that draws on your map and relates the information contained therein to our class material.

Finally, each member of the group will prepare a short write-up that analyzes the data from your group from a heterodox point of view. This write-up will be due no later than Tues., April 19.

Key articles:

"The Geography of Trumpism," available at http://www.nytimes.com/2016/03/13/upshot/the-geography-of-trumpism.html?\_r=0

"Donald Trump's Strongest Supporters: A Certain Kind of Democrat," available at http://www.nytimes.com/2015/12/31/upshot/donald-trumps-strongest-supporters-a-certain-kind-of-democrat.html?\_r=1

"Yea, they're angry," available at https://rwer.wordpress.com/2015/03/19/yea-theyre-angry-7-graphs/

On Trade, Angry Voters have a Point, available at: http://www.nytimes.com/2016/03/16/business/economy/on-trade-angry-voters-have-a-point.html

Also look at the data at http://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2015/05/03/upshot/the-best-and-worst-places-to-gr ow-up-how-your-area-compares.html

# Gathering



- Multiple sources
- ACS
- State governments
- Research organizations
- Academics

# Collating



# Teaching



# Challenges and reflections

# Challenges

- Balancing technology instruction and subject area knowledge
- Preparing data layers and software for use in class
- Time limits 1 lab session for the topic, creating the data dictionary
- Teaching data and information literacy
  - Evaluating data sources
  - Judging reliability
  - Dealing with statistics
- Too much or too little data

# Using the ACS

- Finding data sources that are relevant to the topic
- And can be used in the classroom
- Manipulating data in order to put it in a form that can be easily mapped
- Pruning the level of detail for undergraduate instruction

# Reactions and reflections

- Faculty have been pleased to receive help
  - Gathering data
  - Teaching GIS
  - Improving data and information literacy
- Students
  - Have an opportunity to work with GIS and faculty on current research topics
  - Address contemporary issues
  - Presenting on research at conferences
- Staff
  - Are able to teach about cool technologies and data resources

## Lessons learned

- Working together across boundaries
  - Student, staff, and faculty
  - Building relationships over time
- Combining research and teaching (liberal arts)
  - Research projects become teaching examples with the right encouragement
- Clear expectations
  - Between faculty, staff, and students
  - Well-documented with regular interactions and meetings

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- Contact information
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